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**Review Article** 

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# A Review on IOT based Data Analysis and Health Enhancement through Smart Spirometer

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# ABSTRACT

A spirometer is an apparatus for measuring the volume of air inspired and expired by lungs. Spirometry is the most widely applied clinical tests to diagnose obstructive and to rule out restrictive pulmonary diseases. In this paper, we survey to detect pattern recognition using spirometer to enhance the spirometry investigations. We collect data from various patients with the help of IOT Based Spirometer and things Speak and checked for also online data available. The acquired data then used to predict pattern recognition accuracy. Since this process is useful in spotting the pulmonary irregularities.

Key words: Spirometry, Pattern Recognition accuracy, FEV1, FVC, Obstructive lung disease, Restrictive lung disease

# INTRODUCTION

Modern incentive spirometer is a hashed tool that enables lungs to get better after a surgical treatment or lungs illness. The patient's lungs can emerge as susceptible after extended disease. With the assist of a spirometer can maintain them lively and free. The breath incentive spirometer works as such, a piston rises in the tool and measures the extent of breath that is the inspiratory extent. These spirometers are particularly used for sufferers publish surgical treatment. The current styles of spirometer simplest do offer visible remarks which is probably hard for affected person to understand. Thus, there is a need for calibrating the data from the spirometer. The present invention of spirometer consists of an IR distance sensor, Raspberry pi which is also acts as the WIFI module for data transfer as the hardware components. The data calibration from the spirometer is done using the sensor which collects the data based on the movement of the balls in the spirometer. Further, the data collected communicates with the patient with the help of IoT. This can be achieved by creating a Web API.

# A. Existing System

- Already present spirometer might only deliver visual feedback.
- They unable to show inspiratory volume of sufferer.

# B. Proposed System

- Offers sufferer with their breathing status.
- Stores the patient's everyday records and helps them keep track by implementation of IoT.

Typically, the health care system recommended in this study runs on the simple spirometer with a Bluetooth module, MATLABbased HA SIDO application, and Android mobile application. Typically, the system utilizes Android os, Java, MATLAB, and PHP technologies and consists of a spirometer, mobile App, & expert analytic system. A system for remotely monitoring asthma severity includes a remotely located breathing difficulties monitoring station. To be able to

evaluate the potency of the system, a potential study was completed in 3 distant primary healthcare organizations. Portable spirometers: employed by medical professionals to acquire measurements of relative parameters needed in COPD/asthma analysis. Thus, it is employed to evaluate different conditions of patient, the system uses different technologies which are described below. The unit mainly subtends three quests: a flow meter, a PCB and a Smartphone. Typically, the flow meter is attached to a control system product composed of a top pass filter, signal amplifier, stabilizer (denoted as trigger), a  $\mu$ -controller & a Bluetooth module. To get light and lightweight, our spirometer could be a wireless small compact hand-held unit without any external connecting pipes/tubes, desktop consoles. The lightweight spirometer used in this study can be attached to a mobile telephone using Bluetooth. Any kind of commercially available portable spirometer wit this communication module can be applied for this Tele-health system. Android based mobile app: developed for the Android OS and executed in Java using Android Studio 2. 0 IDE (Integrated Development Environment). That is attached to a mobile phone and used for starting SPIR data recording, formatting, and data transmission.

#### LITERATURE SURVEY

Badnjevic A, Koruga D, Cifrek M, Smith HJ, Bego T Explained that approach is easy to use and offers specialized consultations for patients inVillage and isolated Places which improve the quality of care delivered to patients, it was also found to be very beneficial in terms of healthcare [1]. Sussman JB, Kent DM, Nelson JP, Hayward RA. Improving diabetes prevention with benefit based tailored treatment: risk-based reanalysis of Diabetes Prevention Program. G. Biagetti, V. Paolo Carnielli, Paolo Crippa, Laura Falaschetti, Valentina Scacchia, Lorenzo Scalise. We introduce a dataset to provide insights into the relationship between the diaphragm surface electromyographic (sEMG) signal and the respiratory air stream. The data obtainable had been originally composed for a research project jointly developed by the Department of Information Engineering and the Department of Industrial Engineering and Mathematical Sciences, Polytechnic University of Marche, Ancona, Italy. This article describes data recorded from 8 subjects, and includes 8 air flow and 8 surface electromyographic (sEMG) signals for diaphragmatic respiratory activity monitoring, measured with a sampling frequency of 2 kHz [2].

Guwani Liyanage, Bernard Deepal Wanniarachchi Jayamanne Most normative standards for spirometry are established based on height, weight and body mass index. We have investigated chest circumference as an alternative to height for interpretation when accurate height measurements cannot be obtained [3].

Aarticle by Giorgio Biagetti *et al* describes data recorded from 8 subjects, and includes 8 air flow and 8 surface electromyography (sEMG) signals for diaphragmatic respiratory activity monitoring, measured with a sampling frequency of 2 kHz [5].

Seakale Chandrakar in Design and Development of Low cost spirometer with pc Interface by shows that. Spirometer parameters are derived from pressure and/or flow measurements. The spirometer records exhaled air volume, and produces graphic and numeric information in the form of Spiro metric parameters and tracings that can depict and describe the mechanical properties of the lung. Some possible measurements are like Pressure and gas flows behave during one respiratory cycle in volume controlled.

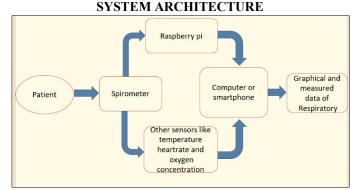


Fig. 1 Block Diagram of the system

#### METHODOLOGY

The proposed methodology consists of two major sections - one is the user section and other is the spirometer section. Typically, in the spirometer section the input signal i.e, the breathing signal is scored by the IR distance sensors which detect the distance by the movement of the balls in each column of the spirometer. The IR distance sensors only provide analog values. Next, the particular analog values through the sensor is converted into digital form employing an analog to electronic converter. An analog to digital ripping tools is added in order to the setup since the microcontroller we possess used has just one analog in order to digital converter yet we have about three input signals. Therefore, the converted electronic digital values are provided towards the Node MCU. Finally, the digital values are displayed using the

Raspberry pi application. Further, a web application on the is created in order to store the values produced by the spirometer to thins speak which helps create a reassurance for patient that their health is improving. The things Speak we have used to collect real-time data.

#### **FUTURE WORK**

The low-cost real time respiratory signal monitoring and processing system was proposed and implemented. Also, this system provides less power consumption compared to traditional technology and useful for the internal village area. The hardware we used here are commercially available and the software programming are described here. The proposed system could be modified and add more functions like ECG, Temperature, pulse rate, Analysis for cardiac disorder. And also, we would add some notification system like alerts on inappropriate ECG report and future asthma attack.

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