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Physician Segmentation in the Pharmaceutical Industry: A Review of Approaches and the Role of Real-World Data

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ABSTRACT

The paper highlights the importance of leveraging real-world data, advanced analytics, and segmentation strategies to enhance marketing effectiveness, optimize resource allocation, and improve engagement with healthcare providers. By understanding the unique needs, preferences, and behaviors of different physician segments, pharmaceutical companies can tailor their promotional efforts, educational programs, and product offerings to maximize the impact of their marketing campaigns. Recommendations such as data integration, advanced analytics utilization, behavioral segmentation, validation processes, cross-functional collaboration, ethical data use, and segment-specific marketing strategies provide a comprehensive framework for refining segmentation approaches, driving targeted engagement, and ultimately improving patient outcomes in the healthcare landscape.

Key words: advanced analytics, marketing effectiveness, resource allocation, personalized marketing, patient outcomes

INTRODUCTION AND BACKGROUND

Physician segmentation is the process of categorizing healthcare providers based on various criteria, such as specialty, patient demographics, prescribing behavior, geographic location, and practice setting. This segmentation strategy aims to identify distinct groups of physicians with similar characteristics or behaviors [1]. The primary goal of physician segmentation in the pharmaceutical industry is to enhance marketing effectiveness, optimize resource allocation, and improve engagement with healthcare providers. By understanding the unique needs, preferences, and behaviors of different segments of physicians, pharmaceutical companies can tailor their promotional efforts, educational programs, and product offerings to meet the specific requirements of each segment. By segmenting physicians based on their prescribing patterns, influence on patient referrals, and practice characteristics, pharmaceutical companies can allocate resources more efficiently and effectively, thereby maximizing the impact of their marketing campaigns [2]. Physician segmentation can be based on various criteria, such as specialty (e.g., primary care physicians and specialists), patient demographics (e.g., age, gender, medical conditions), prescribing behavior (e.g., brand preferences, prescription volume), geographic location (e.g., urban vs. rural), practice setting (e.g., hospital-based, private practice), and level of influence in the medical community. The purpose of this paper is to review the different approaches used in physician segmentation and to understand the role of real-world data in physician segmentation. The paper tries to understand the gaps in physician segmentation and provides recommendations.



Figure 1: Singh et al. Physician Segmentation Using Various Variables

LITERATURE REVIEW

[1]. Physician Segmentation Methods

Various approaches are used by pharmaceutical companies for physician segmentation.

- A. Demographic Segmentation: Physicians are classified into groups based on variables such as age, gender, specialization, length of practice, patient volume, and income level. Understanding these demographic factors helps pharmaceutical companies target physicians who are more likely to prescribe their products.
- B. Psychographic Segmentation: This approach divides prescribers based on lifestyle, personality characteristics, attitudes, beliefs, and values. Different psychographic profiles can influence how physicians respond to marketing messages and product offerings.
- C. Behavioristic Segmentation: Physicians are segmented based on variables such as occasion, benefit sought, user status, usage rate, loyalty status, buyer readiness stage, and attitude. This segmentation helps pharmaceutical companies understand how physicians interact with their products and make prescribing decisions [2] [3].

[2]. Role of Real-World Data in Physician Segmentation

Real-world data (RWD) plays a crucial role in physician segmentation in the pharmaceutical industry. Commonly used real-world datasets include electronic health records (EHRs), claims data, prescription data, and demographic information. EHRs provide comprehensive patient health information including medical history, diagnoses, treatments, and outcomes, offering insights into physician practice patterns and patient interactions. Claims data offer details on the healthcare services provided, billing codes, reimbursement rates, and utilization patterns, helping identify prescribing trends and referral networks. Prescription data capture information on medications prescribed by physicians, enabling the analysis of prescription habits and preferences. Demographic information such as age, gender, specialty, and geographic location of physicians and their patient populations further enriches segmentation strategies by considering factors that influence prescribing behavior and treatment decisions [4]. Below are a few ways in which real-world data are utilized in physician segmentation:

- A. Understanding Prescribing Patterns: Real-world data, such as electronic health records (EHRs), claims data, and prescription data, can be analyzed to understand physicians' prescription patterns. By examining the medications prescribed by different physicians, pharmaceutical companies can identify trends, preferences, and therapeutic areas of interest, thereby enabling more targeted segmentation strategies.
- B. Identifying Key Opinion Leaders (KOLs): Real-world data can help identify key opinion leaders in specific therapeutic areas or medical specialties. By analyzing publication records, speaking engagements, and clinical trial participation, pharmaceutical companies can identify influential physicians who can influence prescribing behavior within their networks.
- C. Segmenting Physicians Based on Patient Demographics: Real-world data on patient demographics, disease prevalence, and treatment outcomes can be used to segment physicians based on their patient populations. Understanding the demographics of patients treated by different physicians can help tailor marketing strategies and educational initiatives to specific patient groups.
- D. Analyzing Practice Characteristics: Real-world data can provide insights into the practice characteristics of physicians, such as practice size, geographic location, patient volume, and affiliations with healthcare systems. By segmenting physicians based on their practice characteristics, pharmaceutical companies can tailor engagement strategies to meet the unique needs of different types of practices.
- E. Evaluating Treatment Outcomes: Real-world data allow pharmaceutical companies to evaluate treatment outcomes and assess the effectiveness of medications in real-world clinical settings. By analyzing real-world evidence on treatment outcomes, companies can segment physicians based on their success in achieving positive patient outcomes, leading to more targeted marketing approaches.
- F. Monitoring Adherence and Compliance: Real-world data can be used to monitor medication adherence and compliance among patients prescribed by physicians. By segmenting physicians based on their patient adherence levels, pharmaceutical companies can develop interventions to improve medication adherence and patient outcomes.

G. Tracking Market Trends: Real-world data enable pharmaceutical companies to track market trends, competitor activities, and shifts in physician behavior over time. By analyzing real-world data sources, companies can adapt their segmentation strategies to align with evolving market dynamics and physician preferences.

By implementing these recommendations, pharmaceutical companies can enhance their physician segmentation strategies, improve targeting precision, and optimize marketing efforts to effectively engage healthcare providers and improve patient outcomes [2] [6] [7] [8].

CONCLUSION

The paper underscores the critical role of real-world data and advanced analytics in enhancing physician segmentation strategies within the pharmaceutical industry. By integrating diverse data sources, implementing quality assurance processes, and adopting predictive modeling techniques, pharmaceutical companies can gain deeper insights into physician behavior and preferences. Moving beyond traditional demographic variables to include behavioral and practice-related factors in segmentation models enables more targeted and personalized marketing approaches, leading to improved engagement with healthcare providers and ultimately better patient outcomes. The recommendations provided in the paper, such as validation, collaboration, ethical data use, and segment-specific marketing strategies, offer a roadmap for pharmaceutical companies to refine their segmentation efforts, optimize resource allocation, and drive impactful engagement in the dynamic healthcare landscape.

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